Best Management Practices

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION



American bittern

Botaurus lentiginosus

Common name • American bittern Scientific name • Botaurus lentiginosus State status • Endangered

Ecology

American bitterns are secretive birds found in wetlands in most parts of North America. From spring to late fall, their range encompasses virtually all states and extends north into Canada. During winter, northern populations migrate to southern states and areas along the eastern and southern coasts. In Missouri, American bitterns nest in permanent wetlands with tall, emergent vegetation such as bur reed and bulrush. Breeding occurs between April and July, with females making nests in thick vegetation several inches above water. Clutches typically have three to five eggs. Young hatch after 24-28 days of incubation, leave the nest after approximately two weeks, and later disperse from the area. American bitterns prey on large insects, small fish and mammals, amphibians and crayfish.

Reasons for Decline

Since the 1970s, the American bittern population has been experiencing a significant decline in the United States because of loss and degradation of wetland habitat. Conversion of wetlands for urban and rural development and drawdowns in spring and summer to promote migratory waterfowl habitat are the primary causes for the decline of this bird. However, siltation, chemical contamination from farms and factories, and human disturbance continue to degrade existing habitat. In addition, wetland isolation is affecting American bitterns abilities to move between areas of quality habitat.

Specific Recommendations

Protection and restoration of quality wetlands are important for many species, including the American bittern.

- → Project activities should not occur within 100 feet of wetland habitat between April 1 and July 31 to prevent disturbing nesting birds.
- → Erosion and sediment controls should be implemented, maintained and monitored for the duration of the project.

- → Disposal of wastes and garbage should be done in designated areas far from wetlands.
- → Draining or destroying permanent, emergent wetland habitat should be avoided.

General Recommendations

Refer to Management Recommendations for Construction Projects Affecting Missouri Wetlands.

Information Contacts

For information regarding regulations for development in rivers and streams, contact:

Missouri Department of Conservation Policy Coordination Section P.O. Box 180 2901 W. Truman Blvd Jefferson City, MO 65102-0180 Telephone:573/751-4115

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Division of Environmental Quality P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0176 Telephone:573/526-3315

> U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Branch 700 Federal Building Kansas City, MO 64106-2896 Telephone:816/983-3990

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Water, Wetlands, and Pesticides Division 901 North 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101 Telephone:913/551-7307

> U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Ecological Services Field Office 608 E. Cherry Street, Room 200 Columbia,MO 65201 Telephone:573/876-1911

Disclaimer

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